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Abstract

- Buffer Pool by Area is a generic term for a new feature to Datacom/DB the Multi-User Facility
- It is a significant feature unto itself but is also the first part of a larger feature of the Multi-User Facility Automatic buffer tuning.
- Addressed in this presentation are data area buffering.

Biography

Joe has worked on the Datacom/DB development team since 1975 in many capacities.

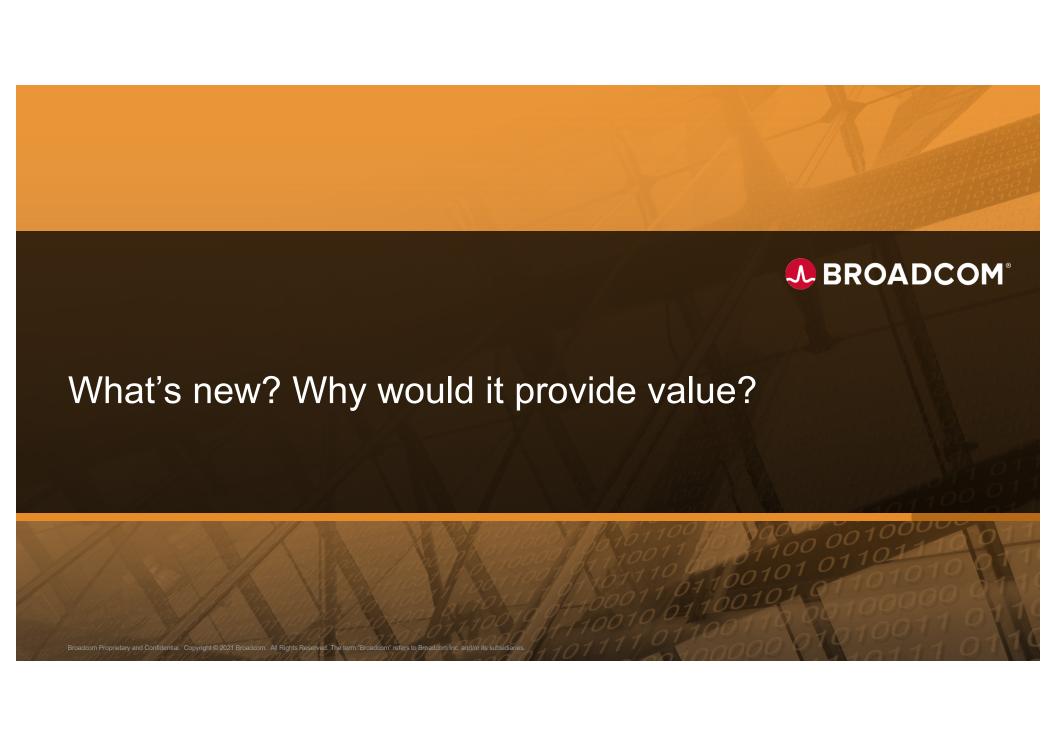
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Agenda

- What's new? Why would it provide value?
- · Define the area BPBA
- Dynamic adjustments
- Reporting and Dynamic System Table
- Messages





General feature, buffer pool for an area

- Provides a new way to have a private buffer pool for a data area
 - · Available for when prioritizing a data area outside of the common DATAPOOL.
 - Different than using the Memory Resident Data Facility COVERED
 - Different than using a common alternate data buffer pool with BUFFER POOL DEF
 - Provided for every MUF environment without a MUFPLEX Coupling Facility
- New option BUFFER POOL DATA with specific choices
 - Single area buffers not within DATAPOOL, or BUFFER_POOL_DEF memory
 - Not 'redundant' with COVERED



Buffer Pool by Area versus COVERED

- Disadvantages with using COVERED being addressed
 - Covered memory is in addition to active blocks existing in other pools (DATAPOOL or BUFFER POOL DEF)
 - Active blocks are in other pools, can be few or many
 - Requires memory copy of blocks when written from other pools
 - Memory blocks restored to other pools when deleted as not active enough, then needed
 - With a large DATAPOOL or BUFFER POOL DEF individual blocks may be rarely needed.
 - Are designed to be statically sized, not dynamically tuned
 - Does not support pipelined (deferred DASD writes)



Buffer Pool by Area versus BUFFER_POOL_DEF

- Disadvantages with using BUFFER POOL DEF being addressed
 - Data pools are built for multiple areas and not for joining with one area Usage and IO information
 - · Buffers can be added and deleted but not based upon active work for a data area
 - Not suited for favoring a single data area and automatically adjusting buffers



Buffer Pool by Area versus DATAPOOL

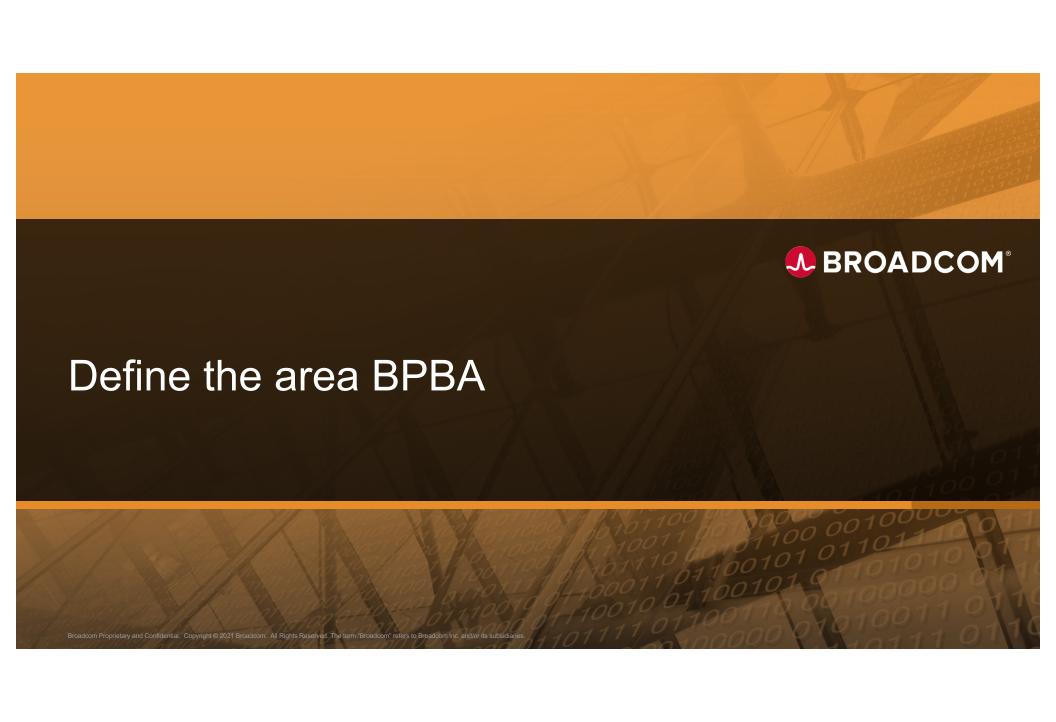
- Disadvantages with using DATAPOOL
 - The data buffers are not sized for exactly this one area.
 - Buffers for this one area cannot be prioritized, all DATAPOOL is Least Recently Used for all areas in DATAPOOL
 - Restriction of 99,999 maximum data buffers for DATAPOOL
 - Buffers can be added and deleted but not easy to actively tune to benefit an area.



Buffer Pool by Area benefits

- Advantages over DATAPOOL, BUFFER POOL DEF, and COVERED
 - Buffers are sized for the specific data area.
 - Blocks are in memory once and not redundant like COVERED
 - Large quantity of buffers allowed, similar to COVERED and not other pools
 - Allows an important area to have priority and control of memory and so reducing IO
 - Easy to tune either actively by a DBA or automated.
 - Five strategies for defining area sizing.





Define the area

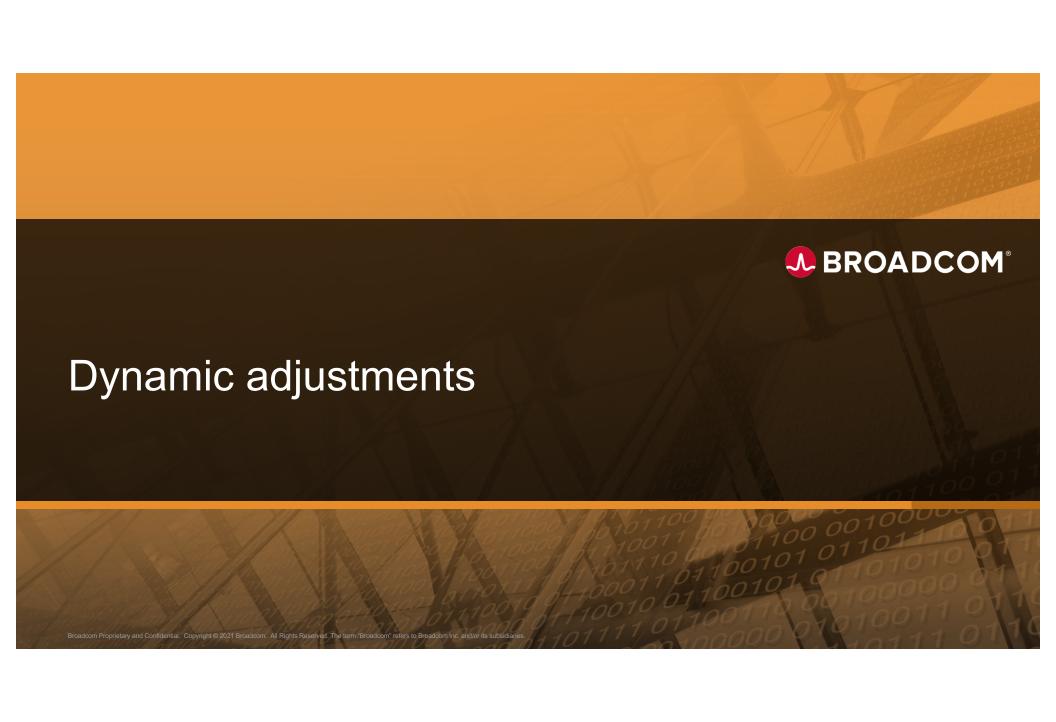
- BUFFER POOL DATA dbid, area-name, BYTES, N
 - Definition for one area providing the number of bytes for the memory of the buffers
 - 1 to 9 billion using just number or number with 'K', 'M', or 'G', except using 'G' may be up to 19 billion (19G)
- BUFFER POOL DATA dbid, area-name, BLOCKS, N
 - Definition for one area providing the number of blocks (sized at open) for the memory of the buffers
 - 1 to 9 billion using just number or number with 'K', 'M', or 'G', except using 'G' may be up to 19 billion (19G)
- BUFFER POOL DATA dbid, area-name, INIT, N%
 - · Blocks initialized at dataset open
 - 1%-200%
- BUFFER POOL DATA dbid, area-name, HIGH, N%
 - · Blocks ever used, highest use
 - 1%-200%
- BUFFER POOL DATA dbid, area-name, ACTIVE, N%
 - Blocks actively in use containing row's at dataset open
 - 1%-200%



Define the area

- · Common at area open for all Buffer Pool by Area definitions
 - Block counts less than 5 will be rounded up to provide minimum 5 blocks. (Not recommended)
 - Large memory size over the MUF maximum (2g default or X_COVERED_MAX_SIZE) rounded down
 - · Block counts more than blocks initialized at the time of the dataset open rounded down
- Currently 'gated' to allow maximum 5 data areas
 - Major new facility, learning period
 - · Does use 31-bit memory for each buffer as a 'directory' for managing





Tuning after the area is open

- Tuning commands may be used by any console-like API
- BUFFER POOL NEW SIZE DATA, dbid, area-name, class, new-size
 - Example: BUFFER POOL NEW SIZE DATA, 15, DDD, ACTIVE, 50%
 - Example: BUFFER POOL NEW SIZE DATA,2,DD1,INIT,110%
 - Example: BUFFER POOL NEW SIZE DATA,100,ABC,BYTES,4G
- BUFFER POOL RESIZE 1-5000
 - May be a single DBID or a range of DBID's
 - Available with open areas using percentages, INIT/HIGH/ACTIVE
 - Each area in the DBID(s) buffers compared to the current INIT/HIGH/ACTIVE
 - Buffers are added or removed as needed to reach the set percent
 - Example: DB01421I BUFFER POOL DATA RESIZE 3318 AR3 ACTIVE FROM 24 TO 209 BLOCKS





Reporting

MUF EOJ report (ALL_INFO_REPORT PXXDST)

AREA TYPE	REQ	1-BFR	INIT'D		-POOL	
DBID	SIZE-CL	SIZE	BLOCKS	SIZE	BLOCKS	PCT
2 DD1 DATA	200%-AC	4096	42,120	37M	9,270	22
15 DDD DATA	75%-AC	4096	48,240	8148K	2,037	4
3100 AR1 DATA	50%-IN	4096	24	96K	24	100
3120 AR3 DATA	50%-IN	4096	1,440	2880K	720	50
3310 AR3 DATA	10M-BY	32768	900	10M	320	35
3310 AR4 DATA	10M-BY	32768	900	10M	320	35
3312 AR1 DATA	75%-HU	32128	11,025	13M	403	3
3318 AR1 DATA	1M-BY	28000	180	1M	37	20



Reporting

MUF EOJ report (ALL INFO REPORT PXXDST)

```
---HIGH--- --ACTIVE-- -REMOVED--
     PCT BLOCKS PCT BLOCKS PCT
      11 4,635
      5 2,716
2,796
1,311
         1,011 70 28,091
            281
                31 75,386
         466 51 90,256 75
  538 4 526 4 32,965
                 1 19,885 76
```



Reporting

MUF EOJ report (ALL_INFO_REPORT PXXDST)

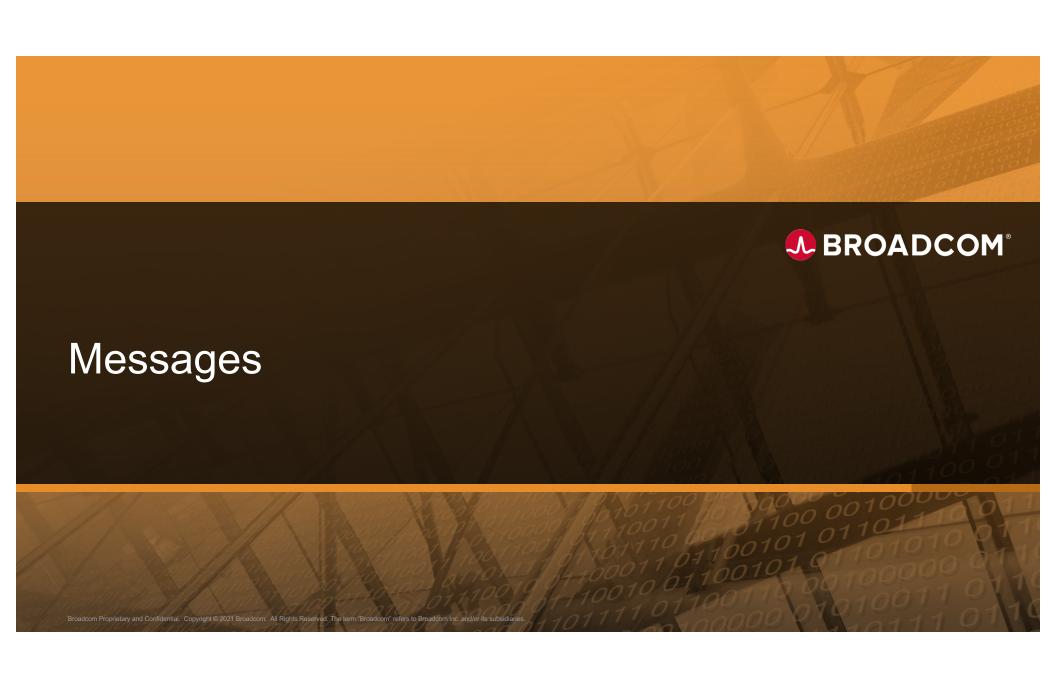
```
USED 1 5+ %
    734 97.8
    662 95.1
     25 99.8
 30,540 66.5
 105,858 76.5
 120,228 82.7
 77,095 82.2
26,022 12.6
  4,667 67.7
```



Dynamic System Table

- MUF BFR POOL AREA
 - DBID
 - AREA NAME
 - TYPE (DATA)
 - REQ SIZE size requested
 - CLASS (BYTES/BLOCKS/INIT/HIGH/ACTIVE)
 - BUFFER SIZE
 - BLOCKS INIT at time of query blocks initialized
 - POOL SIZE memory pool size (buffer size * blocks in pool)
 - POOL BLOCKS number of blocks in the pool
 - POOL PCT percent of pool blocks to blocks initialized
 - HIGH BLOCKS at time of guery highest blocks used
 - HIGH PCT percent of high blocks to blocks initialized
 - ACTIVE BLOCKS at time of query actively blocks used
 - ACTIVE PCT at time of query current active blocks
 - REMOVED BLOCKS blocks removed not as oldest
 - REMOVED PCT percent of blocks removed to reads
 - BUFFER USED 1 (2,3,4,5) blocks used once, twice, etc.
 - GENERATION





Message: DB01420 opened

- DB01420I BUFFER POOL DATA OPENED 3318 AR2 BLOCKS-5 B SIZE-28000 CL-ACTIVE
 - Provides the number of blocks allocated for the area at the dataset open
 - Provides the buffer size of each block for the area
 - Provides the class being used, BYTES/BLOCKS/INIT/HIGH/ACTIVE
- DB01421I BUFFER POOL DATA new size/resize 2 DD1 ACTIVE FROM 2,303 TO 2,282 **BLOCKS**
 - Provides the adjustment from command NEW SIZE
 - Provides the class of BYTES/BLOCKS/INIT/HIGH/ACTIVE
 - Provides the number of blocks at start of command and number after command



Questions & Answers





